#### **CBSE** Notes

Class: 6

Science

#### Fibre:

A thin strands of thread ,or thin strands that make up the yarn called fibre.

#### Yarn:

Yarn is a thin strands thread it can be split into two thin strands, Yarn is made up of fibre. Or when fibre is twisted and spinned yarn are formed.

#### Fabric:

Fabric is made up of yarn or thread arrange together. Or when yarn are knitted or weaved they make fabric.

## Weaving:

When two set of thread are used to make criss cross Pattern to make a fabric it's called weaving.

# **Spinning**:

Fibre are spun to make yarn. Or the process of making yarn from fibre called spinning.

### **Natural fibre:**

Those fibre obtained from plants and animals are called natural fibres.

Example: cotton, jute, silk, wool etc.

### **Synthetic fibres:**

Synthetic fibres are man made fibre made up of chemical.

Example: polyester, nylon, acrylic etc.

## Some plants fibre:

#### **Cotton:**

- Cotton plants usually grown in the black soil field and in the warm climate.
- The fruits of cotton plants called cotton ball when it's get mature and burst open the seeds cover with cotton fibre.
- From this cotton ball is picked by hand and cotton fibre is separate from cotton Seeds this process is known as ginning of cotton.

#### Jute:

- Jute fibre is obtained from the stem of jute plants.
- It is cultivated during the rainy season.
- Jute plants mainly grown in Bihar ,west Bengal , Assam .
- The stem rot and fibre are separated by hand. To make fabric all these fibre first converted into yarn.

### Yarn to fabric:

There are two main process to make yarn into fabric such as weaving and knitting.

# 1) Weaving:

- When two set of thread are used to make criss cross Pattern to make a fabric it's called weaving.
- Weaving of fabric is done on looms.
- The looms are either hand operated or power operated.

## 2) Knitting:

- Knitting is single yarn used to make a place of fabric.
- Socks and many other clothing things is made up of knitting.
- Knitting is done by hand and also machine.

## **History of clothing material:**

- People in ancient time used the bark and big leaves of tree or animals skin and fur to cover themselves.
- After people began to settle in agriculture communities, they learn to weave twigs and grass into mat and basket.
- The early Indian wore fabric made out of cotton that the grew in the region near the rivers Ganga.
- Flax is also a plant that give natural fibre.
- With the invention of sewing needle, people started stitching fabric to make clothes.